§ 765.404

the property meets program requirements. In such case, the Agency will reclassify the Non-program loan as an FO loan.

- (c) Loan types that the Agency no longer makes. Real estate loan types the Agency no longer makes (i.e. EE, RL, RHF) may be assumed and reclassified as FO loans if the transferee is eligible for an FO loan under part 764 of this chapter and the property proposed for transfer meets program requirements.
- (d) Amount of assumption. The transferee must assume the lesser of:
- (1) The outstanding balance of the transferor's loan; or
- (2) The market value of the security, less prior liens and authorized costs, if the outstanding loan balance exceeds the market value of the property.
- (e) Rates and terms. The interest rate and loan term will be determined according to rates and terms established in part 764 of this chapter for the type of loan being assumed.

§ 765.404 Transfer of security to and assumption of debt by ineligible applicants.

- (a) General. (1) The Agency will allow the transfer of real estate and chattel security property to applicants who are ineligible for the type of loan being assumed only on Non-program loan rates and terms.
- (2) The Agency will reclassify the assumed loan as a Non-program loan.
- (b) Eligibility. Transferees must:
- (1) Provide written documentation verifying their credit worthiness and debt repayment ability;
- (2) Not have received debt forgiveness from the Agency;
- (3) Not be ineligible for loans as a result of a conviction for controlled substances according to 7 CFR part 718; and
- (4) Not be ineligible due to disqualification resulting from Federal crop insurance violation according to 7 CFR part 718.
- (c) Assumption amount. The transferee must assume the total outstanding FLP debt or if the value of the property is less than the entire amount of debt, an amount equal to the market value of the security less any prior liens. The total outstanding FLP debt will include any unpaid deferred inter-

est that accrued on the loan to the extent that the debt does not exceed the security's market value.

- (d) Downpayment. Non-program transferees must make a downpayment to the Agency of not less than 10 percent of the lesser of the market value or unpaid debt.
- (e) *Interest rate*. The interest rate will be the Non-program interest rate in effect at the time of loan approval.
- (f) Loan terms. (1) For a Non-program loan secured by real estate, the Agency schedules repayment in 25 years or less, based on the applicant's repayment ability.
- (2) For a Non-program loan secured by chattel property only, the Agency schedules repayment in 5 years or less, based on the applicant's repayment ability.

§ 765.405 Payment of costs associated with transfers.

The transferor and transferee are responsible for paying transfer costs such as real estate taxes, title examination, attorney's fees, surveys, and title insurance. When the transferor is unable to pay its portion of the transfer costs, the transferee, with Agency approval, may pay these costs provided:

- (a) Any cash equity due the transferor is applied first to payment of costs and the transferor does not receive any cash payment above these costs:
- (b) The transferee's payoff of any junior liens does not exceed \$5,000;
- (c) Fees are customary and reasonable:
- (d) The transferee can verify that personal funds are available to pay transferor and transferee fees; and
- (e) Any equity due the transferor is held in escrow by an Agency designated closing agent and is disbursed at closing.

§ 765.406 Release of transferor from liability.

- (a) General. Agency approval of an assumption does not automatically release the transferor from liability.
- (b) Requirements for release. (1) The Agency may release the transferor from liability when all of the security is transferred and the total outstanding debt is assumed.

- (2) If an outstanding debt balance will remain and only part of the transferor's Agency security is transferred, the written request for release of liability will not be approved, unless the deficiency is otherwise resolved to the Agency's satisfaction.
- (3) If an outstanding balance will remain and all of the transferor's security has been transferred, the transferor may pay the remaining balance or request debt settlement in accordance with subpart B of 7 CFR part 1956.
- (4) Except for loans in default being serviced under 7 CFR part 766, if an individual who is jointly liable for repayment of an FLP loan withdraws from the farming operation and conveys all of their interest in the security to the remaining borrower, the withdrawing party may be released from liability under the following conditions:
- (i) A divorce decree or property settlement states that the withdrawing party is no longer responsible for repaying the loan;
- (ii) All of the withdrawing party's interests in the security are conveyed to the persons with whom the loan will be continued; and
- (iii) The persons with whom the loan will be continued can demonstrate the ability to repay all of the existing and proposed debt obligations.

§§ 765.407-765.450 [Reserved]

Subpart J—Deceased Borrowers

§ 765.451 Continuation of FLP debt and transfer of security.

- (a) Individuals who are liable. Following the death of a borrower, the Agency will continue the loan with any individual who is liable for the indebtedness provided that the individual complies with the obligations of the loan and security instruments.
- (b) Individuals who are not liable. The Agency will continue the loan with a person who is not liable for the indebtedness in accordance with subpart I of this part.

§ 765.452 Borrowers with Non-program loans.

(a) Loan continuation. (1) The Agency will continue the loan with a jointly liable borrower if the remaining bor-

- rower continues to pay the deceased borrower's loan in accordance with the loan and security instruments.
- (2) The Agency may continue the loan with an individual who inherits title to the property and is not liable for the indebtedness provided the individual makes payments as scheduled and fulfills all other responsibilities of the borrower according to the loan and security instruments.
- (b) Loan assumption. A deceased borrower's loan may be assumed by an individual not liable for the indebtedness in accordance with subpart I of this part.
- (c) Loan discontinuation. (1) The Agency will not continue a loan for any subsequent transfer of title by the heirs, or sale of interests between heirs to consolidate title; and
- (2) The Agency treats any subsequent transfer of title as a sale subject to requirements listed in subpart I of this part.

§§ 765.453-765.500 [Reserved]

Subpart K—Exception Authority

§765.501 Agency exception authority.

- On an individual case basis, the Agency may consider granting an exception to any regulatory requirement or policy of this part if:
- (a) The exception is not inconsistent with the authorizing statute or other applicable law; and
- (b) The Agency's financial interest would be adversely affected by acting in accordance with published regulations or policies and granting the exception would resolve or eliminate the adverse effect upon the Agency's financial interest.

PART 766—DIRECT LOAN SERVICING—SPECIAL

Subpart A—Overview

Sec

766.1 Introduction.

766.2 Abbreviations and definitions.

766.3-766.50 [Reserved]

Subpart B—Disaster Set-Aside

766.51 General. 766.52 Eligibility.